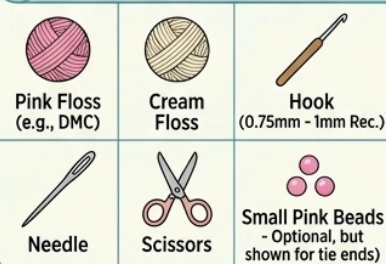


Crochet Tulip Bracelet Tutorial

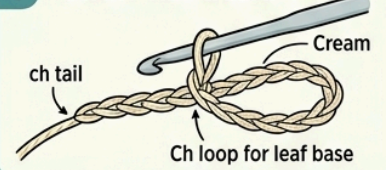
CROCHET TULIP BRACELET TUTORIAL (US TERMS)

1 MATERIALS & TOOLS

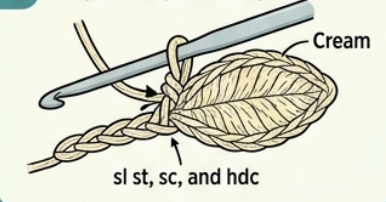


4 STEP-BY-STEP PROCESS

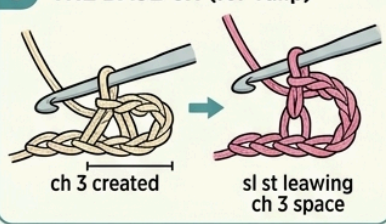
1 START TIES & LEAF 1



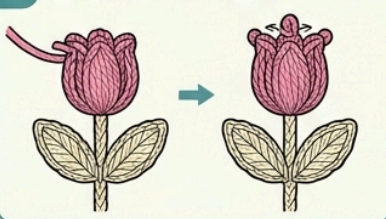
2 FORMING LEAVES



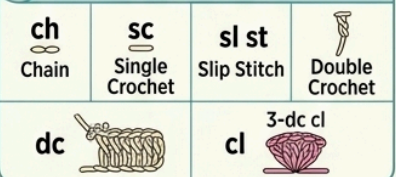
3 THE BASE CH (for Tulip)



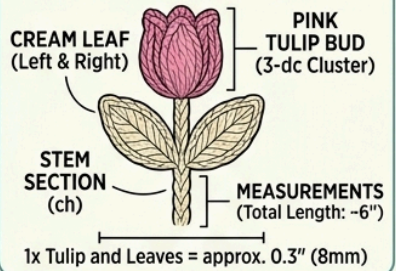
4 JOINING PINK YARN



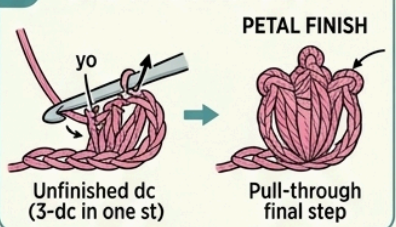
2 STITCH KEY



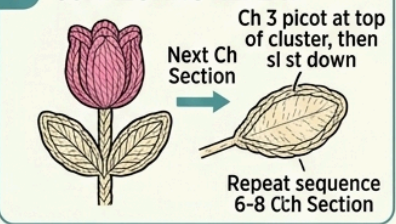
3 THE REPEAT UNIT



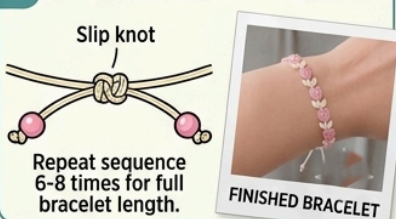
5 CRAFTING TULIP BUD



7 CONNECTING REPEAT



8 ADJUSTABLE SLIDING KNOT TIE



FINISHED BRACELET

Materials & Tools

You will need:

- Pink embroidery floss or crochet thread (DMC floss works beautifully)
- Cream or ivory embroidery floss/thread
- Steel crochet hook
Recommended size: **0.75 mm – 1 mm**
- Needle for weaving ends
- Small scissors
- Optional:
 - Small pink beads for the bracelet ends
 - Jewelry glue for extra security

Finished Size

- Approximate bracelet length: **6 inches (15 cm)** before adjustment
- Adjustable sliding closure allows it to fit different wrist sizes

Each tulip section measures approximately:

- **0.3 inches (8 mm)**

You will repeat the tulip unit several times to reach your desired bracelet length.

Stitch Abbreviations (US Terms)

- **ch** = chain
- **sc** = single crochet
- **sl st** = slip stitch
- **dc** = double crochet
- **cl** = cluster stitch

CROCHET TULIP BRACELET (US TERMS): A PROFESSIONAL PATTERN & GUIDE

Design by Artisan Crochet Collective

1 Pattern Key & Materials

KEY & ABBREVIATIONS

- **ch** = Chain (ch)
- **sl st** = Slip Stitch (sl st)
- **sc** = Double Crochet (sc)
- ⌈ **hdc** = Single Crochet (sc)
- ⌋ **dc** = Double Crochet (dc)
- ⌋⌋ **cl** = Cluster (3-dc cl)

MATERIALS CHECKLIST

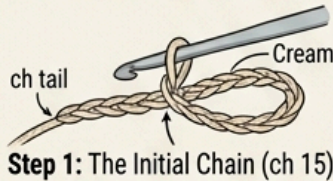
-  Cream Fine-weight Yarn (e.g., Size 10)
-  Pink Fine-weight Yarn
-  US C/2 (2.75mm) or D/3 (3.25mm) Hook (or specific sizes based on yarn)
-  Tapestry Needle
-  Scissors
-  (optional) Small Pink Beads (e.g., Size 10)

COLOR MAP

-  Cream Yarn
-  Pink Yarn
-  Pink Yarn

2 The Seamless Process: Stage-by-Stage

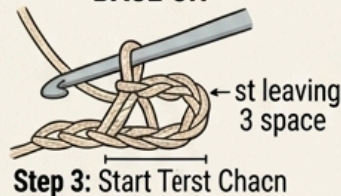
CREAM SEGMENT



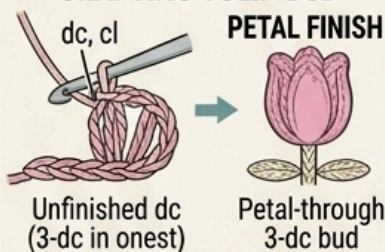
FORMING LEAVES



BASE CH

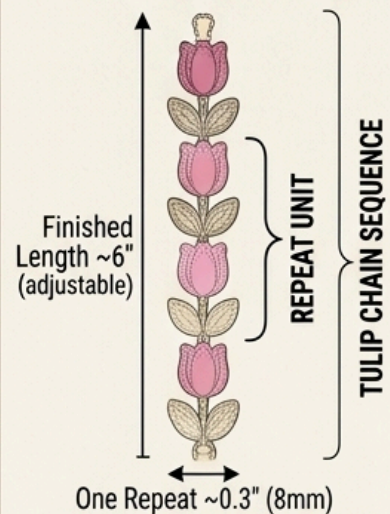


CRAFTING TULIP BUD

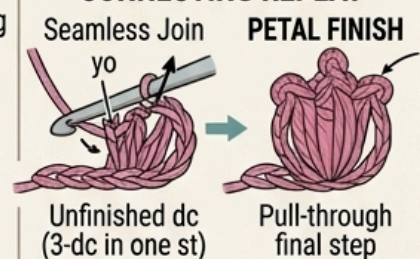


3 Repeat & Assembly

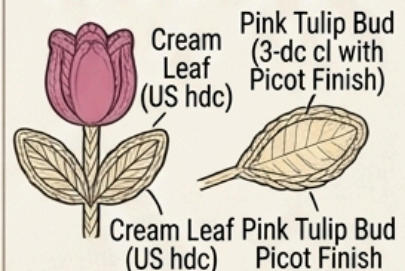
FULL SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM




CONNECTING REPEAT



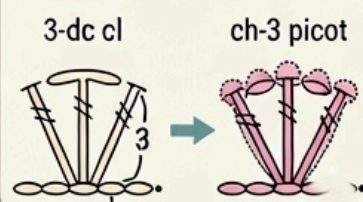
TULIP CLOSE-UP DIAGRAM



WRITTEN TECHNICAL INSTRUCTIONS (US TERMS)

- **Ch Tail:** ch 15.
- **Leaf Base ch:** ch 3 (part of stem).  **Professional Tips** Use a smaller hook for tighter stitches
- **Tulip Stem Base:** sl st in cream thread to prepare base ch space.
- **Pink Tulip Cluster:** (ch 3, 3-dc cl, ch 3 picot, ch 3, sl st to base space) in pink thread.
- **Connecting Ch:** ch 3 with cream thread after color change.
- **Leaves:** work 2 leaves symmetrically (e.g., sl st, sc, hdc, sc, sl st).
- **Final Ties:** ch 15 for tail, add bead.

STITCH FORMATION CLOSE-UP



Tulip Cluster Used in This Pattern

The tulip flower is made with a **3-double crochet cluster** worked into one stitch.

To make a 3-dc cluster:

1. Yarn over.
2. Insert hook into stitch.
3. Pull up a loop.
4. Yarn over and pull through 2 loops.
5. Stop before finishing the dc.
6. Repeat this process 2 more times in the same stitch.
7. You should now have several loops on the hook.
8. Yarn over and pull through all loops together.

This creates the rounded tulip bud shape.

Understanding the Bracelet Structure

Each repeat unit includes:

- One pink tulip flower
- Two cream leaves
- One stem section

The bracelet is built vertically by repeating this floral unit multiple times.

The flowers are connected directly to one another, creating a continuous floral chain.

Step 1: Create the Beginning Tie and Leaf Base

Start with the cream yarn.

Leave a long yarn tail at the beginning.

This tail will later become part of the adjustable tie.

Make the Base Chain

1. Make a slip knot.
2. Chain approximately 8–10 chains.
3. Form a small loop near the beginning.
4. Slip stitch to secure the loop.

TECHNICAL CROCHET CHART: TULIP BRACELET (US TERMS)

STITCH KEY

KEY & ABBREVIATIONS

- **ch** = Chain (ch)
- **sl st** = Slip Stitch (sl st)
- **sc** = Single Crochet (sc)
- ⌈ **hdc** = Half Double Crochet
- ⌋ **dc** = Double Crochet (dc)
- ⌈⌋ **cl** = 3-dc Cluster (cl)

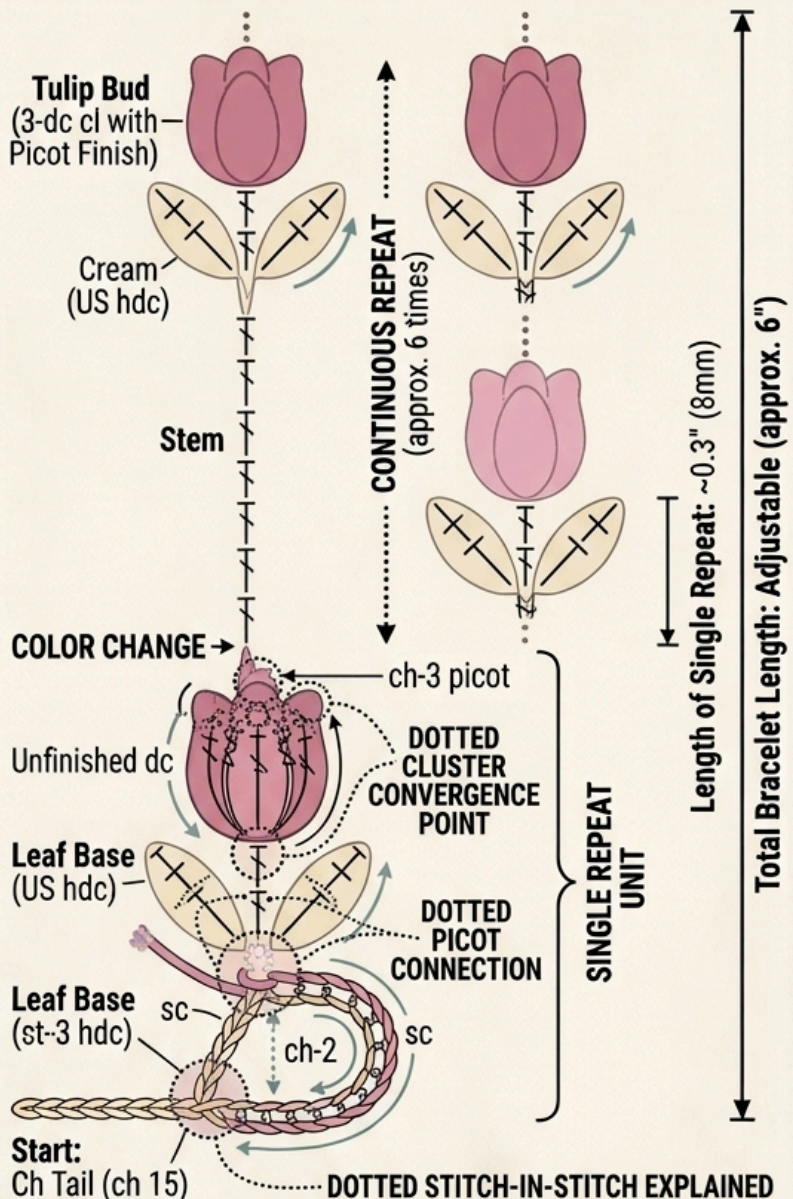
MATERIALS CHECKLIST

-  Cream Fine-weight Yarn (e.g., Size 10)
-  Pink Fine-weight Yarn
-  US C/2 (2.75mm) or D/3 (3.25mm) Hook (or specific sizes based on yarn)
-  Tapestry Needle
-  Scissors
-  (optional) Small Pink Beads (e.g., Size 10)


COLOR MAP

-  Cream Yarn
-  Pink Yarn
-  Pink Yarn

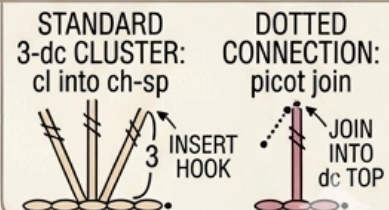
STITCH FORMATION SCHEMATIC



WRITTEN TECHNICAL INSTRUCTIONS (US TERMS)

- **Ch Tail:** ch 15.
- **Leaf Base ch:** ch 3 (part of stem).  **Professional Tips** Use a smaller hook for tighter stitches
- **Tulip Stem Base:** sl st in cream thread to prepare base ch space.
- **Pink Tulip Cluster:** (ch 3, 3-dc cl, ch 3 picot, ch 3, sl st to base space) in pink thread.
- **Connecting Ch:** ch 3 with cream thread after color change.
- **Leaves:** work 2 leaves symmetrically (e.g., sl st, sc, hdc, sc, sl st).
- **Final Ties:** ch 15 for tail, add bead.

STITCH CLOSE-UP EXPLAINED



This loop creates the base area where the first leaf will be attached.

Do not pull too tightly.

Tiny crochet work becomes difficult if the tension is too firm.

Step 2: Form the First Leaf

The leaves are made using a combination of stitches that create a pointed oval shape.

Work the Leaf

Into the chain loop:

1. Work:
 - 1 slip stitch
 - 1 single crochet
 - 3 half double crochets or double crochets depending on desired fullness
 - 1 single crochet
 - 1 slip stitch

This forms one side of the leaf.

Continue Around the Opposite Side

Now crochet along the opposite side of the chain loop using the same stitch sequence.

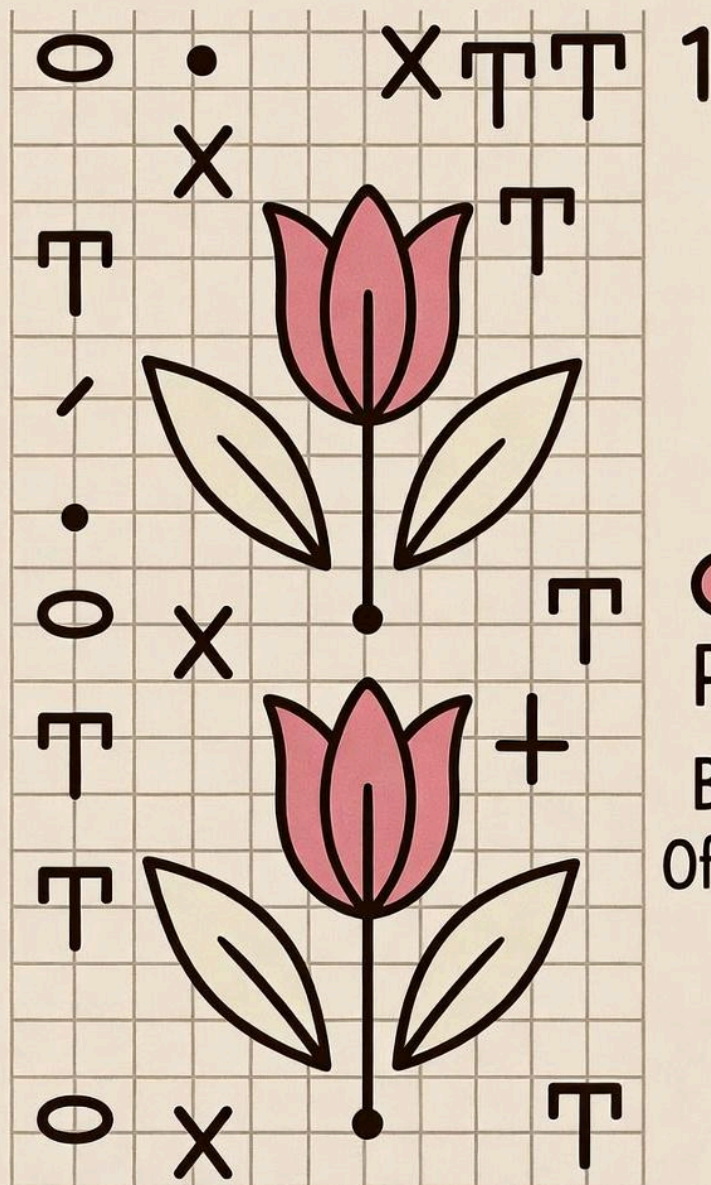
You should now have a complete leaf shape.

Shape the Leaf

- Gently pinch the tip of the leaf.
- Adjust stitches with your fingers.
- The leaf should look narrow and slightly pointed.

Fasten lightly with a slip stitch.

Tulip Bracelet Crochet Chart



 Pink
 Beige/
 Off-White

Lecevs

Step 3: Crochet the Stem Section

The stem is simply a chain section between flower units.

1. Chain 3.
2. Keep the chains even and neat.
3. These chains act as the stem connecting the leaves and flower.

Do not twist the work.

The chain should sit straight vertically.

Step 4: Join the Pink Yarn

Now switch to the pink yarn to create the tulip bud.

Attach the Yarn

1. Insert hook into the chain space.
2. Join pink yarn with a slip stitch.
3. Chain 1 to secure.

Keep the cream yarn attached if you prefer carrying it neatly behind the work.

Step 5: Create the Tulip Bud

This is the main decorative section.

The flower is formed using grouped cluster stitches that naturally fold into a tulip shape.

Begin the Flower

Into the chain space:

1. Yarn over.
2. Create a partially completed double crochet.
3. Repeat until you have 3 unfinished double crochets in the same space.
4. Yarn over and pull through all loops.

You have created your first tulip cluster.

Build the Rounded Shape

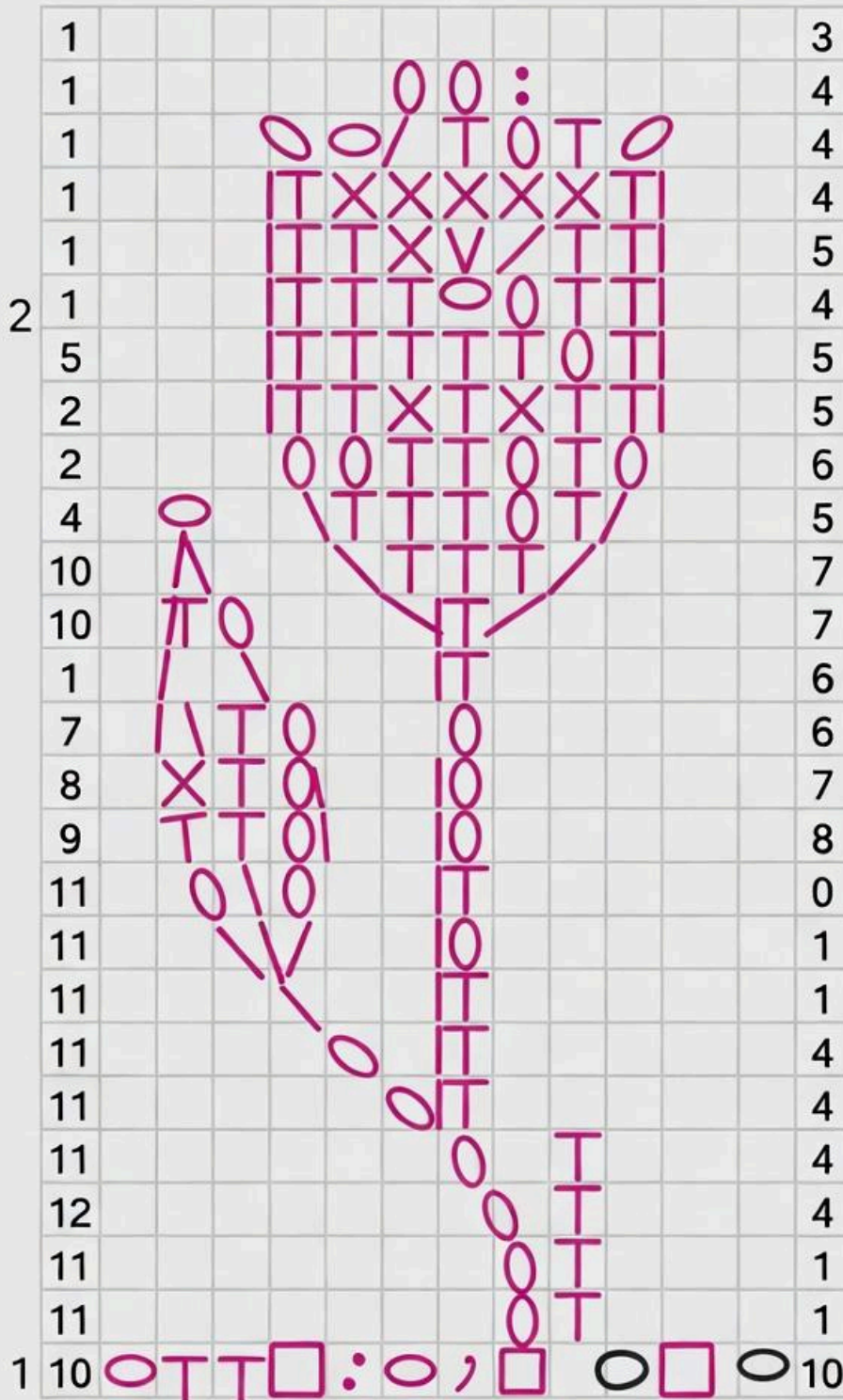
Repeat additional cluster stitches closely together so the petals begin to curve naturally.

Usually 3 grouped clusters create the full tulip appearance.

Tulip Flower

Crochet Diagram

x



Legend

-  cb
-  d
-  5
-  4p
-  5p
-  1d
-  1d
-  sts
iun
-  1ld
-  inc
-  inc
-  inc

Shape the Petals

As you work:

- Allow the stitches to overlap slightly.
- The clusters should stand upward instead of flattening.
- Gently fold the sides inward using your fingers.

This creates the realistic tulip look.

Finish the Tulip

1. Chain 3 at the top.
2. Slip stitch downward into the flower base.

This secures the petals together and creates the closed tulip appearance.

Step 6: Add the Second Leaf Pair

Switch back to the cream yarn.

Now create another leaf on each side of the stem beneath the flower.

First Leaf

Work:

- slip stitch
- single crochet
- several double crochets
- single crochet
- slip stitch

Second Leaf

Repeat on the opposite side.

Try to make both leaves symmetrical.

Adjust the stitches gently so the tulip sits centered between them.

Step 7: Connect the Next Repeat

To continue the bracelet:

1. Chain 3 for the next stem section.
2. Repeat:
 - leaves
 - tulip
 - leaves
 - chain stem

Each repeat creates another flower section.

How Many Tulips to Make

For an average bracelet:

- Make approximately **6–8 tulip units**

For smaller wrists:

- 5–6 flowers

For larger wrists:

- 8–9 flowers

Periodically wrap the bracelet around the wrist to check the length.

Step 8: Create the Adjustable Sliding Knot Closure

When the bracelet reaches the desired length, create the adjustable tie.

Prepare the End Tails

You should have:

- one yarn tail from the beginning
- one yarn tail from the ending

These tails become the bracelet cords.

Cross the Tails

Lay both cord ends overlapping each other.

Make the Sliding Knot

Using one cord:

1. Wrap around both bracelet cords 3–4 times.
2. Pull the end through the wraps.
3. Tighten carefully.

Repeat if desired for extra security.

The knot should slide smoothly while remaining secure.

Add Optional Beads ✨

For a polished finish:

1. Thread small pink beads onto the cord ends.
2. Tie knots beneath the beads.
3. Trim excess yarn.

This prevents the cords from slipping out of the closure.

Final Shaping and Finishing

After completing the bracelet:

Clean the Threads

- Trim loose ends carefully.
- Use a needle to weave in hidden tails.

Shape the Flowers

Using your fingers:

- Open petals slightly
- Curve leaves outward
- Straighten the stem sections

Optional Blocking

If desired:

1. Lightly mist the bracelet with water.
2. Pin gently into shape.
3. Allow to dry completely.

This helps the flowers and leaves keep their form beautifully.

Helpful Beginner Tips

Use Good Lighting

Tiny thread crochet can strain the eyes. Bright lighting helps tremendously.

Keep Tension Loose

Very tight stitches make it difficult to insert the hook.

Practice the Cluster First

Before starting the bracelet, practice making:

- double crochets
- clusters
- tiny leaves

This makes the project much easier.

Work Slowly

Jewelry crochet is delicate work. Precision matters more than speed.

Customization Ideas

You can personalize the bracelet by:

- Using lavender, yellow, red, or white tulips
- Adding metallic thread
- Using pearl beads
- Making matching earrings or necklaces
- Creating an anklet version
- Turning the tulips into bookmarks or hair accessories

Finished Bracelet

Your completed bracelet should feature:

- Tiny dimensional tulip flowers
- Elegant cream leaves
- Flexible stem sections
- Adjustable sliding closure

- Soft floral appearance